II. Part of a Letter from Mr. Edward Floyd, Cim. Ashm. Oxon. To Dr. M. Lister, giving an Account of Locusts lately observed in Wales.

SIR,

YOU have probably been already informed from fome other Parts of the Kingdom, of swarms of Locusts that have lately appeared on our British Coasts. However because I am not certain that they have been observed elsewhere, I shall take this Occasion of giving you what Account I can at present, of some that have been seen in Wales. As far as I have been yet informed, they were first seen on the 20th. of October, scattered about the Fields in Marthery Parish, Pembrokeshire, where they were generally taken notice of, at first, because of the unseasonableness of the time for Grashoppers; but afterwards, for that upon further Examination, they found them distinct from our English Grashoppers, in bigness, colour, &c. I could not learn that any of them have been feen flying in that Country; but from North Wales I am informed that two vast fwarms of them had been feen in the Air not far from Dôl-gelheu, a Market-Town of Merionydh shire. I cannot affure you of the time when these slying Locusts were observed, but by the date of my Friend's Letter, &c. I guels that it was near the same time that those others of Pembroke-shire had been taken notice of in the Fields. What part of the World these Creatures should come from, I must leave to your Conjecture; in .h. mean time I can affure you that they are of the very fame Species with some African Locusts in my Custody in the Museum; for which (and many other valuable Curioficies) sities) we are obliged to that very Inquisitive and Ingenious Gentleman, Mr. J. Aubrey, S. R. S. who received them some Years since from Tangier. As yet I have but one sent me out of Wales, which you may Command if

you please, for I expect shortly more of them.

This Pilgrim-Locust I call, Locusta erratica, alis ichthyocollæ adinstar pellucidis, reticulatis maculis conspersis. It is in length (from the Head to the tips of the Wings) three Inches and 4, of a reddish colour all over, except the Wings. As to the Head and Caputium, it resembles the Fourth Figure of Moufetus. The Eyes are prominent and very large, somewhat of the form and bigness of Gromwel-feeds, of a reddish colour, elegantly streaked. The Antennæ are broken so that I can say nothing of the length of them: They are about the bigness of a Hog's bristle, and curiously geniculated. As to the Legs, the first pair are not quite an Inch long; the second, somewhat above that length; but the third two Inches and 1. These hind-legs are very beautiful; for the Thighs are hexangular, and elegantly scaled on the outfide, with a black Lift extended lengthways through the midst of them. The shanks are of a lively red colour, adorned on the hind-part with two orders of small sharp prickles, placed not opposite to each others, but alternately. The Wings are about three Inches long, resembling very much those of the larger Libella, or Dragon-flies, but all over garnished (the outer Wings at least) with reticulated black spots.

I see not much reason to doubt but that these are the very same Species of Lecuss, so Famous in History for their wandring over, and depopulating whole Regions.

In Pliny, Lib. xi. c. xxix. we find these words, --- Solémque obumbrant solicité spessantibus populis ne suas operiant terras. Sussiciunt quippe vires; & tanquam parum sit maria transsse, immensos tractus permeant, diraque messibus contegunt nube, multa contactu adurentes; Omnia ex Africa maxime coortæ, infellunt, sæpe populo ad Sibyllina coacto remedia confugere, inopiæ meta. Now whether this multa contactu adurentes makes any thing for the firing of the Hay-ricks I question. For I should be see the apt to understand those words, as if they meant only following Exarefaction, and perhaps Poysoning, not down right Numb. 4 Firing or Combustion.

Julius Obsequens in libro prodigiorum, p. 69. Edit. Bas. 1599. Locustarum ingentia agmina in Africa, quæ à vento in mari dejectæ, fluctibusque ejectæ, odore intolerabili Cy- « renis mortifero vapore gravem pestilentiam fecerunt pecori, hominumque DCCC millia consumpta tabe, proditum est.

I was suspicious of this at the very first reading of Mr. Jones his Letter, and therefore writ to him the very same day I writ to you and Mr. Ray, to examine the

Sea Algæ and Fuci for dead Locusts.

The like Account also Mouf. cites out of Otho Frisingensis. — Tandem verò in Mare Britannicum sublatæ ventorum vi, fluctibus obruebantur. Sed æstu Oceani in litus rejectæ aërem infecerunt, pestémque anteactà fame non minùs sævam intulerunt. And which comes neurer to our purpose, in Mouf. p. 123. Postea per Germaniam errantes ad Mediolanensem usque agrum iter ceperunt, eoque depasto in Poloniam & Silesiam revertebantur. Tandem Mense Novemori (tam diu enim vixerant) at frigoris vi tabefactæ maximum sætorem excitarunt, & nist suibus aprisque Sylvestribus pabulo suissent, non minus peste gravissimà qu'am fame tam Germanos quam Itatos affecisset. But in Wales there are no Creatures to devour them, unless the Badgers and Crows may take off some.